

# ??????? R / D / RD

- [\[REDACTED\] R/D/FATO/TLOF](#)

# ????????R/D/FATO/TLOF

## 02 ?????????R / D / FATO / TLOF

2026-05-29

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EASA FAA EB105A CASA AC139.V-01 XXXXX

### 1. ?????

Ref	Design	FATO	TLOF	Notes
T/CCAATB 0062-2024	D = eVTOL	1.5D	1.0D	OFV
EASA PTS-VPT-DSN 2022	Design D	AFM 1.5D	AFM 0.83D FATO 1D	heliport OFV downwash protection
FAA EB105A 2024	D + RD ≤ 50 ft CD	2RD	1RD	FATO/TLOF RD Safety Area 2.5D
CASA AC139.V-01 2023	Design D	AFM 1.5D	AFM 0.83D	EASA EASA
MH5013-2023	D /			heliport
ICAO Doc 9261				

### 2. ?????T/CCAATB 0062-2024

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX.md/pdf

#### 2.1 ?????





D = max(Design D, VTOL aircraft dimensions)

## 3.2 FATO

PTS VPT-DSN.C.210

- “ The minimum dimensions of an FATO should be:
  - (1) the length of the RTODV for the required take-off procedure prescribed in the AFM, or 1.5 Design D, whichever is greater; and
  - (2) the width for the required procedure prescribed in the AFM, or 1.5 Design D, whichever is greater.

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FATO length  $\geq \max(\text{AFM RTODV}, 1.5 \text{ Design D})$   
FATO width  $\geq \max(\text{AFM required width}, 1.5 \text{ Design D})$   
□□□□  $\leq \text{FATO elevation} + 5 \text{ cm}$   
solid FATO slope  $\leq 2\%$

## 3.3 TLOF

PTS VPT-DSN.C.260

- “ The minimum dimensions of a TLOF should be 0.83 D or the dimensions for the required procedure prescribed in the AFM, whichever is greater.  
For a vertiport that is elevated, the minimum dimensions of a TLOF, when in a FATO, should be of sufficient size to contain a circle of diameter of at least 1 Design D.

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□□ TLOF  $\geq \max(0.83D, \text{AFM required dimension})$   
□□ vertiport □ TLOF □□ FATO □□ TLOF  $\geq 1 \text{ Design D}$

## 3.4 ?????

EASA “AFM □ + 1.5D/0.83D □ ”□□□□□□□□□□









FATO 粗糙度  $\leq 5 \text{ cm}$

坡度 FATO 坡度  $\leq 2\%$

## 6.3 TLOF

4.6.4

Category 1 TLOF FATO 粗糙度

Category 2/3 粗糙度 TLOF  $\geq 0.83D$

Category TLOF 粗糙度  $\geq 2UCW$

Category TLOF FATO TLOF  $\geq 1.0D$

4.6.4

TLOF 粗糙度

TLOF FATO 粗糙度

TLOF 粗糙度  $\leq 2.5 \text{ cm}$

TLOF 坡度  $\leq 2\%$

## 6.4 ?????

MH5013 EASA/CASA

FATO = AFM/1.5D

TLOF =  $0.83D$  1.0D

Safety Area =  $3m + 0.25D$

eVTOL

FATO = 1.5D

TLOF = 1.0D

Safety Area = FATO  $> 3m$

“ ”

## 7. FAA AC150/5390-2D? FAA heliport

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# 7.1 D / RD ??

FAA AC150/5390-2D heliport

D = controlling dimension  
RD = Rotor Diameter  
RD = 0.83 OL

D

FAA 0.83D TLOF

# 7.2 TLOF / FATO

Table 2-1

Heliport type	TLOF	FATO	Safety Area
General Aviation	0.83D	1.50D	Table 2-4
Transport	0.83D 50 ft	1.66D 100 ft	0.42D 30 ft
Hospital	0.83D 40 ft	1.50D	Table 2-4

# 7.3

FAA AC150/5390-2D EB105A EB105A eVTOL

AC150/5390-2D TLOF/FATO D  
EB105A TLOF/FATO RD Safety Area D

# 8. ICAO Annex 14 Volume II

# 8.1 FATO / TLOF ??

ICAO

FATO =  $\frac{D}{0.83}$   
TLOF =  $\frac{D}{0.83}$   
Safety Area =  $1.5 \times \frac{D}{0.83}$

## 8.2 Surface-level heliport

Annex 14 Volume II § 3.1

FATO  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$   
FATO  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$   
TLOF  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$   
TLOF  $\geq 0.83D$   
TLOF  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$  FATO  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$  FATO  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$   
TLOF  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$  FATO  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$   
Safety Area  $\geq 1.5 \times \frac{D}{0.83}$

FATO  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$  /  $\frac{D}{0.83}$  D  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$

## 8.3 Elevated heliport

Annex 14 Volume II § 3.2

$\frac{D}{0.83}$  FATO  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$   
 $\frac{D}{0.83}$  TLOF  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$   
TLOF  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$  FATO  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$   
FATO/TLOF  $\geq \frac{D}{0.83}$

## 8.4 ?????

ICAO Annex 14 Volume II § 3.2

FATO / TLOF / Safety Area / OLS /  $\frac{D}{0.83}$  /  $\frac{D}{0.83}$

FAA AC150/5390-2D EASA/CASA vertiport  $\frac{D}{0.83}$

## 9. ICAO Doc 9261 Helicopter Manual

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# 11. ???????

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□□□□□D □□□□□□FATO 1.5D□TLOF 1.0D□  
 EASA/CASA□AFM □□□□□D □□□□□FATO 1.5D□TLOF 0.83D/□□ 1.0D□  
 FAA EB105A□□□□ RD□FATO 2RD□TLOF 1RD□Safety Area 2.5D□

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“□□□□ eVTOL □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□ RD□ AFM□  
 downwash/outwash □ OFV □□□□□□□□□□